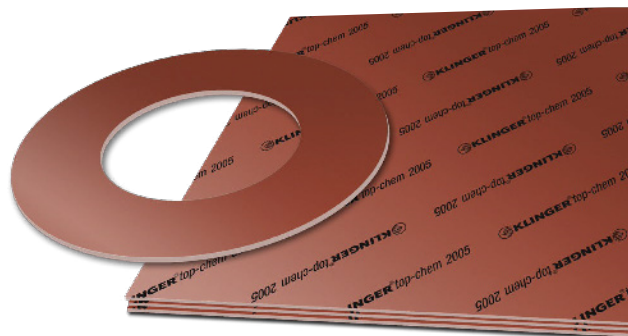


KLINGER TOP-CHEM 2005



DESCRIPTION

A PTFE material with inorganic fillers, this gasket features a high chemical resistance in strongly acidic applications. Ideal for the chemical industry, it also offers excellent mechanical properties at medium temperatures.

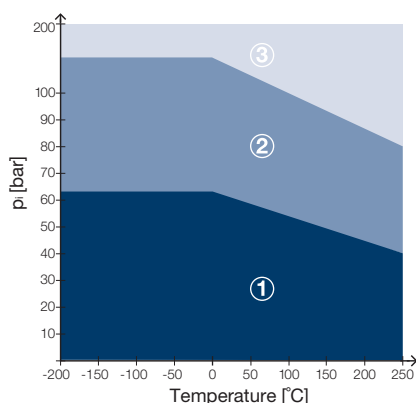


ITEM		DATA
Basic composition		PTFE filled with inorganic fillers.
Sheet size		1500 x 1500 mm
Colour		Red
Thickness		1.0 mm, 1.5 mm, 2.0 mm, 3.0 mm
Certificates		Oxygen-tested, DIN-DVGW, WRAS approval, DNV approval, TA-Luft (Clean air), FDA conformity (components of KLINGER®top-chem 2005 comply with the FDA requirements), Regulation (EU) No.1935/2004 (incl. 10/2011), VDI 2200 blowout
Tolerances	Thickness	according to DIN 28091-1
	Width	± 50 mm
	Length	± 50 mm
Industries		General industry, Chemical, Oil & Gas, Energy, Pulp & Paper, Marine, Infrastructure, Automotive, Food & Beverage, Pharma

TECHNICAL DATA Typical values for a thickness of 2.0 mm

STRESS RELAXATION DIN 52913	30 MPa, 16 h/150°C	MPa	25
KLINGER COLD/HOT COMPRESSION 50 MPA	thickness decrease at 23°C	%	5
	thickness decrease at 260°C	%	35
TIGHTNESS	DIN 28090-2	mg/(s x m)	0.02
SPECIFIC LEAKRATE	VDI 2440	mbar x l/(s x m)	8.75E-07
THICKNESS/WEIGHT INCREASE	H ₂ SO ₄ , 100%: 18 h/23°C	%	1/1
	HNO ₃ , 100%: 18 h/23°C	%	1/2
	NaOH, 33%: 72 h/110°C	%	-
COMPRESSIBILITY	ASTM F36M	%	4
	ASTM F36M	%	40
RECOVERY			
DENSITY		g/cm ³	2.2
AVERAGE SURFACE RESISTANCE	ρ _O	Ω	3.1x10E13
AVERAGE SPECIFIC VOLUME RESISTANCE	ρ _D	Ω cm	3.2x10E13
AVERAGE DIELECTRIC STRENGTH	Ed	kV/mm	23.8
AVERAGE POWER FACTOR	50 Hz	tan δ	0.071
AVERAGE DIELECTRIC COEFFICIENT	50 Hz	ε _r	3.2
THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY	λ	W/mK	0.42
ASME-CODE SEALING FACTORS	tightness class 0.1mg/s x m	MPa	y 12
			m 2.8

P-T DIAGRAM- THICKNESS 2.0 MM

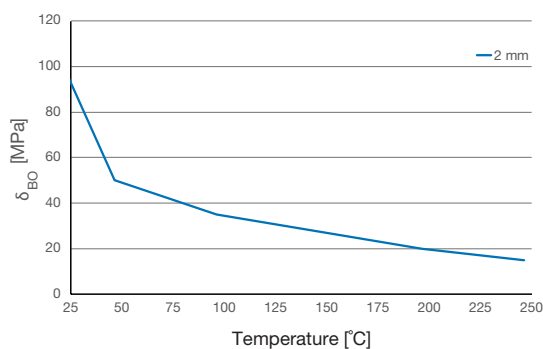


The area of the P-T diagram

1. In area one, the gasket material is normally suitable subject to chemical compatibility.
2. In area two, the gasket material may be suitable but a technical evaluation is recommended.
3. In area three, do not install the gasket without a technical evaluation.

Always refer to the chemical resistance of the gasket to the media.

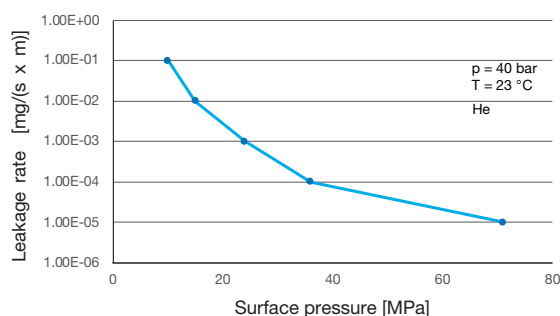
SIGMA BO



Maximum surface pressure in operating conditions of Sigma BO

This diagram shows the maximum surface pressure in MPa with which the sealing material may be loaded, depending on the operating temperature. The characteristic curves apply to the specified sealing thicknesses. In contrast to Qsmax according to EN 13555, the surface pressures specified here are based on a maximum permissible reduction in thickness.

TIGHTNESS PERFORMANCE



The tightness performance graph

The graph shows the required stress at assembly to seal a certain tightness class. The determination of the graph is based on EN13555 test procedure which applies 40 bar Helium at room temperature. The sloping curve indicates the ability of the gasket to increase tightness with raising gasket stress.

CHEMICAL RESISTANCE CHART

Simplified overview of the chemical resistance depending on the most important groups of raw materials:

A: small or no attack **B:** weak to moderate attack **C:** strong attack

Paraffinic hydrocarbon	Motor fuel	Aromates	Chlorinated hydrocarbon fluids	Motor oil	Mineral lubricants	Alcohol	Ketone	Ester	Water	Acid (diluted)	Base (diluted)
A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A

All information is based on years of experience in production and operation of sealing elements. However, in view of the wide variety of possible installation and operating conditions one cannot draw final conclusions in all application cases regarding the behaviour in gasket joints. The data may not, therefore, be used to support any warranty claims. This edition cancels all previous issues. Subject to change without notice.